

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol 14. No. 5

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, May 23, 1929

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

See Our McLaren's Jelly Powder Deal

with Wedgewood China Cup and Saucer—they will match the plates of a former deal.

We have a shipment of McLaren's Coffee, Spices, Extracts and Olives. All fresh stock.

Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE
G. W. RIDGOUT GEO. E. AITKEN

Our 7th carload of New 1929 Cars has arrived

OUR STOCK OF NEW CARS is COMPLETE

Come In And Take Your Choice

Prolong the life of your car or truck by getting it greased at regular intervals with our NEW ALEMILE greasing outfit.

CARS WASHED and POLISHED on SHORT NOTICE

Cooley Bros. Local Dealers

CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

Spring Time Is Clean Up Time

Kalsomine
Paint

Varnish
Oils and Turpentine

Let Us Supply Your Wants

Banner Hardware

Chinook, Alta.

"EMPIRE" Plaster Wall Board

for walls, ceilings and partitions holds a unique place. It is incomparably the most economical, convenient and durable material that can be used for this purpose. Nothing like it for beauty of surface and ease in adapting it to any requirement. We stand behind every sale with an unqualified guarantee of satisfaction.

Imperial Lumber Yards Ltd.

CHINOOK Phone 12 ALTA

Banff, Alberta, is a mecca for holiday seekers in both summer and winter. During the summer months visitors may enjoy practically every outdoor recreation. Each winter a carnival is held which is attracting an increasing number of visitors annually, and it is predicted that Banff will soon be a world-famous winter resort.

Dairying is one of the oldest and one of the most important of the industries of Canada. It owes its modern development to the introduction of the factory system for the making of cheese and butter, to the invention of the centrifugal cream separator, and to the facilities afforded by improved methods of cold storage.

LOCAL ITEMS

The Echo Club met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Vanderberg on Monday evening where considerable business was transacted. It was decided to hold a sports day on June 5th at Laughlin.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Chapman and daughter Lorna left by motor on Thursday to spend the 24th of May holiday at Medicine Hat.

Mr. Arnold, formerly of Vernon, B.C., has accepted the position at the Chinook Advance office which was vacated by Mr. Norman G. Cary. We are certainly fortunate in securing the services of one who is so efficient in the newspaper work and job printing.

Mrs. Nicholson spent the week end with her son, A. S. Nicholson, of Calgary.

Leslie Cliphsham of Calgary is in town this week renewing old acquaintances.

C.G.I.T. girls are serving ice cream and cake on Saturday evening, June 1st, in the municipal office.

We are glad to report that Mrs. George White has recovered from her recent illness, also her son Harry, who had diphtheria is quite well again.

The Ladies' Card Club met at the home Mrs. J. S. Smith when Mrs. Jacques held the highest score winning a nice pack of cards in case. The club will meet next week at the home of Mrs. Todd.

Miss Margaret Moore of Edmonton who has been visiting at the home of her uncle, Mr. C. E. Neff, left for her home at Edmonton this week.

Mr. Nelson Murray took over the management of the Western Canada Flour Mills, being the elevator that Mr. J. W. Deman has been manager of for a number of years.

AT THE CHINOOK THEATRE

The Vanishing Pioneer
The 25th only

NEXT WEEK
HALF A BRIDE
Friday & Sat'day
May 31st and June 1st

Chinook Cafe

Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and is comfortable and clean—the place you can enjoy your meals.

BOOTHES FOR LADIES

Rooms in Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Soft Drinks. Fruit in Season

Confectionery and Ice Cream Parlor

Chen Sam, Prop.

One of Chinook's Oldest Settlers Farewelled

In every man's life there are events which stand out clearly, occasions which are stamped indelibly on his memory. Such an event took place Tuesday night when a number of friends gathered at the curling rink to bid goodbye to Mr. Deman.

The affair took the form of an informal smoker in which several of Mr. Deman's friends took part. S. H. Smith ably filled the position of M.C.

During the evening refreshments were served, several of those present paying tribute to Mr. Deman in glowing terms, and while the occasion was a merry one, all felt that Chinook and district was losing a citizen whose loss would be keenly felt, a friend who would be sorely missed in time of need, a neighbor second to none, as one speaker so ably said, "one who was always ready and able to render those services which have so endeared him to his friends and neighbors."

It cannot be said to what hour the gathering would have carried on, but as Mr. Deman had to take the morning train to Calgary where he will in future engage in the brokerage and bond business, we were regretfully informed by the M.C. that the time for parting had arrived; so joining hands and singing "Auld Lang Syne," we bid him goodbye, with the assurance that he will have the best wishes of the town and community in his new venture.

Mr. Knight who visited last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Neff, returned to his home at Medicine Hat.

Miss Ritchie, school teacher of Cereal, and Mrs. H. Johnson visited at the home of Mrs. Brodine on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. C. Long of Cereal visited at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Roberts, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bassett and little daughter spent the week end at Lanfne.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

For every member of your family. We have them—Felt, Straw or Peanut

This Business operating the Child's Saving Plan. Saving you 2½ per. ct. on all prices. Save this script for the welfare of your child.

Read Our Grocery Bargain Sheet

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

It Is Fly Time Again

Get your Nose Nets now

Full Stock of Harness, Collars and Sweat Pads for summerfallowing.

Axle Grease, Gun Grease and William Penn's Motor Oil.

The most complete stock of Shoes and Rubber Footwear I ever carried.

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

LIVE STOCK AND THE TARIFF

The fact that the proposed increases in the United States tariff on Canadian livestock products is not to apply to live animals brings particular relief to this section of the industry, because up to the present time just about 94 per cent of all this class of Canadian exports has been to the United States. But while some relief is afforded in this respect, the duties on meat have been very heavily increased. Beef is to be taxed 6 cents per pound instead of 3 and other meats in proportion. This is serious indeed because out of a total meat export of 24 million dollars fully 11 millions cross the line, and the curtailment of so

handy a market for Canadian livestock products may for a time at least bring about restriction which will be felt by packers and the market for cattle. A similar situation exists with dairy and poultry products where butter remains on the free list while the duties on milk and cream are doubled and those on dressed poultry raised.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Begon and family wish to thank the Women's Institute and also the business men and citizens of the town for their great kindness to them during the illness of their daughter Lorraine.

Don't forget the Wednesday half-holiday.

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF COLLHOLME, NO. 243

Notice Is Hereby Given That, under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1922, and amendments thereto, the following lands will be offered for sale, by public auction, at the Municipal Office, situated in the village of Chinook, Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 25th day of May, 1929, at the hour of 2 p. m.,

Part of					Part of				
Section	Range	Twp.	Mer.	Range	Section	Range	Twp.	Mer.	Range
N.W. ¼	1	26	7	4	N.E. ¼	21	27	8	4
S.W. "	1	26	7	4	N.W. "	21	27	8	4
N.W. "	6	26	7	4	S.E. "	21	27	8	4
" "	35	26	7	4	S.W. "	21	27	8	4
" "	3	27	7	4	N.E. "	23	27	8	4
N.E. "	7	27	7	4	S.E. "	32	27	8	4
" "	35	27	7	4	S.W. "	9	28	8	4
N.W. "	3	28	7	4	N.W. "	22	28	8	4
" "	24	28	7	4	S.E. "	28	28	8	4
S.E. "	6	26	8	4	N.E. "	30	28	8	4
S.W. "	6	26	8	4	S.E. "	30	28	8	4
S.E. "	30	26	8	4	N.W. "	18	26	9	4
S.W. "	30	26	8	4	S.W. "	18	26	9	4
N.E. "	31	26	8	4	N.E. "	20	28	9	4
S.W. "	5	27	8	4	N.W. "	20	28	6	4

Each parcel will be subject to a reserve bid, and the reservations contained in the existing certificates of title, and reserving therout all mines and minerals. Redemption may be effected by payment of the full amount of arrears, and costs at any time prior to the sale. Terms cash.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 22nd day of February, A. D. 1929.

L. S. Dawson,

Secretary-Treasurer.

The Red Rose Tea guarantee means what it says. If not satisfied return the unused part in the package and the grocer will refund your money.

RED ROSE TEA

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good

In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

Science in Service of Mankind

When the real story of human progress is told, probably the salient contribution credited to the present generation will be the alliance of science with pursuits of peace and the mobilization of scientific minds for the common good.

This generation, more than any previous generation in human history perhaps, has effected a divorce of science from war. In the past, the best scientific minds were directed to the chemistry and physics of warfare, industry and commerce for the most part having to content themselves with the second-best or rely upon adaptation of some invention or process originally devoted to war.

That is a broad generalization which, in the specific case may not be true, but which, in the main, can be substantiated; and the fact remains that war has been the great stimulus to scientific research and invention and, until the present generation, a greater stimulus than industry, commerce and the pursuits of peace. It might also be said that science in its first alliance with industry and commerce had a background of war—of economic war. Now, however, the science laboratory is a workshop, in the true sense of the word.

Illustrative of this idea is the little country of Denmark, where agriculture has reached a scientific plane higher than in any other country. The great stimulus to scientific agriculture in Denmark was war. Following the war with Germany, in which Denmark lost the provinces of Schleswig and Holstein, the Danes turned their attention to the intensive cultivation of their very limited resources recognizing that, only by high commercial development of these resources, could they hope to survive as a people, and Denmark as a nation. That they have succeeded is proved by the fact that agricultural countries now look to Denmark for leadership and guidance in certain advanced phases of agriculture.

The aeroplane, too, now occupying a supremely important role in the development of Canada's remoter areas and great mineral-bearing zones, and serving to "devour distances" which hitherto occupied weeks, sometimes months, of arduous and hazardous travel, made its greatest advancement during the hectic days of the World War. There was less material difference between the original Wright aeroplane, or the plane in which Blériot first crossed the English Channel, and the planes used in the early days of the war, than between the planes of 1914 and those which patrolled the front areas in the days immediately preceding the Armistice. That process of development which gathered so much impetus throughout the war, has been carried into this post-war period, a fact which is abundantly manifest.

The World War saw a general mobilization of science not only in Germany where, for some years previously, industrial research had been encouraged in that country's efforts to wage successful economic war against its rival neighbors, but also in and throughout the British Empire and the United States. There was no demobilization of the forces of science after the war in these countries. There was imperative need of retaining the best scientific minds available in the work of reconstruction and of meeting competition in world trade. Science thus has come into its own.

Canada came into the movement, but having entered, is now displaying the energy and enthusiasm characteristic of its youth and growing power. With agriculture as the basic industry of the country, it is natural that the mobilization of science in Canada should be directed in large measure to the advancement of that industry. Within this movement, the chemist has turned his attention to the milling qualities of wheat. The biologist is studying the theory of breeding crosses of the different kinds of wheat, the causes and remedies of plant diseases, the insect pests and their control. The physicist has begun to investigate soil temperatures and the engineer to consider power problems, water supply and waste in farm houses. The economists have concentrated on marketing problems, and so on.

Noteworthy already have been the achievements of the scientists at work in the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory, at Winnipeg. The progress already made toward the production of a rust-resistant wheat that will meet requirements as to milling and yield, have been so impressive as to presage an epoch-marking development in the near future.

Always Come Through

Call it luck, or national stamina, whatever you will, there is something about the British that pulls them through. They are paying more taxes than the average German, Frenchman and Italian put together; they have commitments all over the world, and they have a surplus population, with tremendous problems of employment and trade. Yet they never quail.

B.C. Onion Growers

The Vernon Fruit Union, which has closed its onion pool, is paying to growers \$46.61 net, including local rebates, for every ton of onions delivered to them on consignment during 1923. This price is recognized as particularly good. Hitherto \$34 to \$35 a ton has been deemed high.

Canadian Graphite

Canadian graphite is marketed as refined flake, the product of concentration of disseminated ore. The mines and mills are situated in the Perth, Bancroft, and Calabogie districts in Ontario, and in the Buckingham, Guenette, and St. Remi districts in Quebec.

Minard's Liniment for cuts and bruises.

Canada's Largest Organ Installation of the Royal York Hotel Casavant organ, the largest in the Dominion, has begun after months of preparation made for it. It was made in the world-famous workshops at St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, and its parts conveyed to Toronto in five railway cars.

Guard Against FLU — Sore Throat The First Warning.

Few families will escape. This epidemic constitutes a real danger. Health authorities everywhere warn the public of the danger of the common cold. "Flu" usually starts with Sore Throat. Unless the germs are killed by some antiseptic treatment a serious ailment may develop.

A simple treatment is to gargle the throat three times daily with Nerville. The antiseptic properties of Nerville quickly destroy the germs in the throat. Of course if the chest is sore Nerville should be rubbed over the affected area—lots of rubbing—it can't burn a blister, but will bring out the congestion and break up the cold.

To prevent "Flu" or colds from gaining headway Nerville will prove most effective. It is hardly necessary to point out that the bowels should be stimulated, and the system purged of all waste materials. For this purpose Dr. Hamilton's Pills are recommended. They act without gripping or discomfort of any kind. This combination treatment of Nerville and Dr. Hamilton's Pills will prove a very satisfactory prevention for Grippe, Flu, etc.

A Big Business

Postal Department in Canada Handles Millions Every Year
Rural routes have been extended and the inauguration of the air mail service has made it possible to deliver mail in the winter time to many isolated spots which have never before received mail during that season; thus bringing comfort to the people of the Magdalen Islands, the north shore of the St. Lawrence River, northern sections throughout the Mackenzie River district, Cold Lake, Film Flon and north to the Yukon. The postal department has some 38,750 employees in the Dominion of Canada. Of these, between 12,000 and 13,000 are postmasters. The department handles resources of revenue somewhere in the neighborhood of \$50,000,000, approximately \$50 for every person in Canada in one year.

DO YOU VALUE HEALTH?

Sickness Almost Always Due To Weak, Watery Blood

If your health is poor; if you are pale, nervous and easily tired; if you suffer from headaches or backaches; if there are twinges of rheumatism, you may depend upon it that these symptoms come from an impoverished condition of the blood, and that unless this condition is remedied a complete breakdown may follow. To the true who are in this condition, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be found the perfect medicine. The whole mission of this medicine is to build up the blood, promote appetite and digestion, and strengthen the frayed nerves. Men and women alike benefit through the use of this medicine. Therefore if you are weak or ailing, give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and you will be pleased with the beneficial results that will speedily follow.

Among the thousands who have found Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a real blessing is Mrs. Geo. M. Andrews, Halifax, N.S., who says:—"My first experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills was as an anemic young girl, when they completely restored my health. Then a few years ago I became pale and run down, and my husband got a supply of the pills for me. I gave them a good trial, and when my baby was born she was a big healthy baby and I did not have a day's sickness. My friends all say how well I look and I certainly feel that way, and I give all the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I hope my experience will help some other woman who needs a good medicine."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail from the box from The Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Farmers Will Grow Peas

Ambitious Planting Programme in the Taber Irrigation District.

The other day a carload of dried peas, being 18 tons, arrived from Gallatin Valley, Montana, for planting by Taber, Alta., irrigation farmers in the interests of the Broder Canning Company, whose headquarters are in Edmonton and Vancouver. While pea gardens have been common in the district for many years, the present planting programme is much more ambitious than anything in the past.

Miller's Worm Powders not only make the indigestible system unfeeling for worms, but by their action on the stomach, liver and bowels they correct such troubles as lack of appetite, biliousness and other internal disorders that the forms create. Children thrive upon them and no matter what condition their worm-infested stomachs may be in, they will show improvement as soon as the treatment begins.

False Economy

There are many people who would die of starvation rather than dig in to their savings, but we often see men who do not know how to enjoy their money. They save by denying themselves the natural pleasures of life and in the end are forced to leave their money to people who never helped to earn it.

As a vermicide an excellent preparation is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

Women Archaeologists

This archaeological season in Palestine shows a new feature of social interest. For the first time archaeological excavations are being carried on by a staff of women. This plan has been initiated by the British School of Archaeology, Jerusalem, which sent a party consisting of Miss Garrod, Miss Eubank, of Cambridge; Miss Kilson Clark, of Oxford, and one American woman to continue the work near Athlith, South Haifa. The direction is in charge of Miss Garrod.

Work joined with courage enables us to overcome all obstacles.

Neuralgia succumbs to Minard's Liniment.

W. N. U. 1788

Canadian Press Excursion

Newspaper Editors To Enjoy Extended Holiday in Europe

Newspaper editors from all over Canada who leave Montreal early next month for a two months' visit to England and the continent, when they return the visit paid to Canadian newspapers two years ago by the Newspaper Society of Great Britain, will be entertained royally wherever they go. Full plans for the visit, which is being organized by Rupert Davies, editor of the Kingston Whig-Standard, were announced recently, following his return from the meeting of the Canadian Daily Newspaper Association at which many of those who are going to Europe meet.

Among the high spots of the visit which, although entirely unofficial, will be of great benefit to Canada and to the prospects of increasing immigration, are a dinner to be tendered jointly by the Newspaper Society of Great Britain and the Empire Press Union in London, a gala performance at the State Opera House in Vienna and a garden party at which the president of Czechoslovakia will be the host.

There is to be much private entertainment with such hosts as Lord and Lady Astor, Lord Beaverbrook, Major John J. Astor, of the London Times, Col. Grant Morden, and Sir Richard Whifrey, who was one of the leaders of the British party which spent some months in Canada in 1921, and who will receive the Canadian editors at his home in Peterborough.

The complete literary commences with the sailing of the Canadian Pacific liner "Montclare," on Friday, June 6, and includes visits to France, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Belgium, Holland, Great Britain and Scotland. Five weeks will be spent on the other side of which three will be in Great Britain. The editors will return to Canada from Liverpool on the liner "Duchess of Athol," reaching Montreal, July 28.

Origin Of National Anthem

Is One Musical Mystery Nobody Has Solved Yet

The origin of the British National Anthem is a musical mystery which has never been solved. It is known that it was first sung in public at Drury Lane and Covent Garden in 1745, when the news of the defeat of Sir John Cope's army at Preston was received in London. But it was written a few years earlier than this. One thing students of the subject are fairly sure about is that it was written as a national prayer for the safety of George II. against the Jacobites, and the version given in the "Gentleman's Magazine" in 1745, makes it peculiarly applicable to the fervent prayer of today, though for a very different reason.

Simple and Sure—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the uses of it. Used as a liniment, the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young and old.

Not An Affectation

True Courtesy Is Outward Expression Of Sympathetic Nature

Many people regard the graciously mannered man as distinctly artificial, and look with disfavor on displays of extreme politeness—and there certainly is a type of manner which repels because of its patent artificiality. But true courtesy is not an affectation; it is the outward expression of a thoughtful and sympathetic nature. We cannot all achieve outstanding success in life; we cannot all perform great services for our fellow-men; but it is possible for the least of us to act graciously in our dealings with others—to behave beautifully in the ordinary affairs of every day. Let us then cultivate that "finest of the fine arts"—courtesy.

Cheapest Of All Oils—Considering the qualities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and all country merchants keep it for sale. So, being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price, no one should be without a bottle of it.

Melting of the Antarctic ice cap, according to an Australian scientist, would raise the levels of the oceans by fifty feet.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Remover if used as directed.

An Imperial Airways liner covered the distance from London to Paris in 100 minutes.

Minard's Liniment relieves pain.

Firestone
is the Toughest
Tire in the
World

Tune In
"The Voice of
Firestone"
Every Monday
Night, 8 p.m.
Eastern Time
NBC Network

TOUGHNESS—durability—long-mileage—safety! That is what you want in tires. And you find them all in Firestones. The best non-skid tread ever put on a tire grips the slippery roads you travel at this season. Firestone tires give the greatest mileage, the greatest safety at the lowest cost per mile. See the Firestone Dealer today.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

The Wonders Of Chemistry

Will Be Used To Build and Change Character Is Prediction

The American Chemical Society, meeting at Columbus, Ohio, held out a few alluring prospects for the future.

For instance, the time may be coming when a man won't have to build his own character, but can depend on chemistry to do it for him. Then persons owing cows, if they're fortunate enough to have a little woodshed, will have the cow-food problem solved for all time because cows will eat wood.

Wood, chemically treated, is already being used for cow-fodder in some countries, according to C. L. Esselen, Boston chemical engineer, who addressed the society.

Dr. J. S. Matthews, of the University of Wisconsin, predicted that chemistry would be used to change and build character and in this connection he believes the insane will be made well and that the seasoned criminal will become a law-abiding citizen.

Future generations may be giants, one chemist said, if scientists can discover, by synthesis, the cause of growth which lies hidden in the cell nuclei. The discovery, he said he believed, would hinge upon the balance of atoms.

Toes Made Comfortable

Sore Corns Removed

Quick, safe relief is almost instantaneous if you apply PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Shoes won't pinch or hurt. One single drop of Putnam's stops the pain. A few applications make the corn dry up and drop off. Putnam's Corn Extractor gives satisfaction. Thousands use it every day. Get a bottle from your druggist. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's" the one sure relief for sore corns.

How many people do you know who are spending money they have not yet earned for things they don't like.

The prairie provinces with manufactured products during last year valued at \$327,000,000 begin to have tall chimneys of their own.

Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way

Covered with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper goods that usually stay in a day or so stay fresh for quite a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer, druggist or stationer. For less exacting uses get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Highly Interesting Developments Are Expected In Canada As A Result Of Fuel Research Work

Fuel research may not sound like an entrancing subject, but to materially increase the wealth which Canada will receive from her enormous coal deposits through the scientific and most economic use of the coal is something that does make an appeal. The successful coking of coal means an improved fuel product and less dependence on imported fuel. Our coal deposits are the potential source of an unlimited supply of crude oil, in case the crude oil from wells, though now rapidly increasing, may not always be plentiful. The uses of gas made from coal are also increasing.

These and other matters are dealt with by R. E. Gilmore, superintendent of the Fuel Research laboratories of the Mines branch at Ottawa, in the bulletin of the Professional Institute of the Civil Service. The problem of coking, he says, is not merely one of finding the way to coke different Canadian coals but of finding the coals which will produce a coke that is equal in every way to the best that is imported.

Coke is now produced in Canada mostly by high temperature carbonization. That is, the coal is brought to a large centre where there is a good market for the gas that is driven off during the process. But low temperature carbonization, which does not involve disposal of the gas and can therefore take place at the mine, promises a greater utilization of Canadian coal, according to Mr. Gilmore. But low temperature processes differ in detail for different varieties of coal, and this provides plenty of room for research.

Highly interesting developments are evidently possible in the use of gas made from coal. Mr. Gilmore says: "More and more city houses are being heated with it. We have refrigerators operated by gas as well as electricity so that it is now possible to produce both heat and cold in the same room from the city gas supply. Gasoline can be made synthetically from coal and gas and imagine, if you will, the possibilities of the development of a process on a small unit scale so that synthetic motor fuels may be produced in private homes and other buildings served with gas. Future developments along this line may make it possible to obtain the motor fuel supply for the family car from the city gas supply, thus converting private garages into private filling stations."

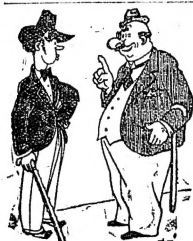
Besides the coke, oil and gas, many other valuable by-products can be taken from coal. The possibilities of fuel research are indeed wonderful. Some of the benefits should be obtained very soon, and others will be a matter of the future. The coal resources will mean very much more to the country if their value can be enhanced, as is suggested by the use of scientific methods.—Free Press.

Had Good Year

Favorable Report On Sheep and Wool Industry In Canada.

For both meat and wool the sheep industry of Canada had a very good 1928. A report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture says sheep and lamb sales for last year were better than \$1 per hundredweight over those of the preceding 12 months, while the wool sales for 1928 showed an increase in values of from 5 to 25 per cent. With a total of 469,712 head the stockyard sales increased by approximately 5,000 head. An appreciable expansion in the industry is reported, with notable gains in Ontario and the four western provinces.

The debt a man owes himself is never outlived.



"I know I shall enjoy the conference tomorrow."
"?? ? ? ?"
"I shall not be there, but my wife and mother-in-law will."—Esquella, Barcelona.

W. N. U. 1736

Export Wheat To 47 Countries

British Isles the Principal Buyer For Canada's Supplies

Value of exports of wheat from Canada for the first eight months of the current crop year ended March 31, 1929, totalled \$202,277,524, an increase of about \$50,000,000 over the corresponding period in the previous year. The British Isles was the principal buyer, taking \$174,141,325 worth. Wheat from Canada is exported to 47 countries of the world. Total wheat four exports for the eight months under review were valued at \$18,314,250 as compared with \$13,487,802 for the corresponding period of the preceding year. Of this amount the British Isles took \$10,965,857, and other countries took \$3,521,942.

Planes For Flying Clubs

Government To Present Ten New Planes To Encourage Flying

Ten aeroplanes are to be given by the government to flying clubs all ready in operation. These are to duplicate purchases made in 1928 by the following clubs: Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Granby, Quebec, Saskatoon and Calgary.

The grants are made in furtherance of a policy formulated in 1927 to encourage flying in Canada. There are at present attached to the clubs 142 holders of private licenses and 45 commercial. Total membership is 5,400 with 200 members flying solo.



A DELIGHTFUL FLAIRE

A modernistic print in silk crepe with plain crepe in deepest tone used for applied band to outline modern line of bodice. The scallops of hip yoke that dips its side, uses the lightest shade of print in plain crepe for binding. The skirt is straight and slender at back with flared fullness across front. Style No. 465 can be had in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 42 inches bust, and is smart to wear with straightline coat to complete ensemble. Flowered chiffon, georgette crepe in tomato red, black silk crepe with eggshell trimming. Long blue canton-faille crepe, printed rajah silk, and featherweight tweed in check pattern in wood-violet tones are smartly appropriate for immediate wear. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coils carefully.

We suggest that when you send for this pattern, you enclose 10 cents additional for a copy of our Spring Fashion Magazine. It's just filled with delightful styles, including smart ensembles, and cute designs for the kiddies.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.
Name
Town

Timiest Tagger Is Red Cross Champion



Charming Little Lenore Moir, of Edmonton, Alberta, had the distinction of raising most money for the Junior Red Cross Crippled Children's Hospital when the Annual Primrose Tag Day was held in the city. Twenty-five thousand beautiful primroses were made in April by the children in the city, and offered for sale by hundreds of taggers, young and old. Of these Lenore in her Red Cross uniform attracted much attention, and the "Little Nurse" had the honour of turning in the best box of money and winning first prize.

One thousand dollars were collected for the crippled children of Alberta, on an April morning when the children in the city were transformed to a garden of primroses that is forever England.

Adventurers Remembered

Table Erected In London To Memory Of Early American Settlers

A handsome bronze tablet was recently placed in a prominent position at Brunswick Wharf, Blackwall, London, to the memory of 105 "Adventurers" who set sail from that spot on December 19, 1606, to found the first permanent English colony in America.

Three ships comprised the expedition, the largest, as recorded on the tablet being the "Sarah Constant," of 100 tons. The remaining two, the "Goodspeed" and the "Discovery," were respectively 40 tons and 20 tons.

On May 15, the adventurers settled where now is Jamestown, Virginia, but owing to the climatic conditions, lack of food, and the hostility of the Indians, 63 of the original 105 died during the first seven months. The handful of survivors, however, carried on, and 15 years later the little colony numbered 5,000 souls.

A really dependable market tip—aspargus.

Summer Fallow Treatment For Wheat

Weeds Should Be Destroyed As Soon As Possible After Germination

The most important item in summer fallowing is to germinate weed seeds and destroy the weeds before they have consumed any appreciable amount of moisture. This is the view held by the superintendent of the Swift Current experimental station, after five years work in treating summer fallow in different ways. Full ploughing has not proved a help. Indeed it has given lower average yields than any other treatment. Cultivation only during the fallow year gave the best average results for five years, amounting to 26.4 bushels of wheat the year following as compared with 22.9 bushels when the land was fall ploughed previous to the fallow year and cultivated the following season. Discussing this question in his report for 1928, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, Mr. J. G. Taggart, the superintendent, calls attention to the importance of leaving the soil in the fall in a condition that will not promote soil drifting.

London Is Changing

But Many People Would Prefer City As It Was

London is dying under our eyes, and not elegantly to slow music, but in violent spasms. Districts change their very character. In Bloomsbury Square, in Mornington Crescent, on the Embankment, in Westminster huge new buildings proclaim the dominion of industry and science. This age found London brick and stone; it will leave it stone and steel, and concrete, and glass, and tiles; and architects anticipate that soon there will be less stone and more steel and glass. It would be cowardly to doubt that London will then be a very fine place — almost as fine as New York; but some people will still think it worth while to have known, and not from photographs only, the London of Queen Victoria.

Unsuitable For Canada

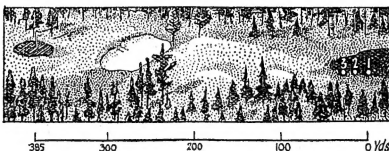
Dominion Agrostologist Issues Statement About Red Alfalfa

"Hardiness is one of the prime requisites of alfalfa in Canada. The planting of seed from a region known to produce a type of alfalfa unsuitable for Canadian conditions is to invite disaster," says G. R. McRostie, Dominion Agrostologist, who adds: "We are informed that there has been lately imported into Ontario two substantial shipments of Argentine alfalfa seed. Numerous tests in many parts of Canada have proven this seed unsuitable for our use. This Argentine seed is required by law to be stained red to an extent of ten per cent. For your own protection, beware of all alfalfa seed carrying red stain."

SCENE OF R.C.G.A. AMATEUR



No. 1 Hole—385 yards, Par 4.



Jasper, Alberta, will be the venue of the Canadian Amateur Championships of the Royal Canadian Golf Association, August 19th to 24th, this year. The Jasper Park Lodge course par of 72 has not yet been made by an amateur player, and many reputations are likely to be shattered in the tournament this summer. It is expected that the course, which has been described by experts as the finest on the continent, will attract many of the outstanding players of North America.

The photograph shows the first hole of the Jasper Park Lodge course as seen from the tee. Below is a plan of the first hole with the yardages to scale marked below it. Practically every hole has three tees, but in the amateur championships all play will be from tee No. 1.

Co-incidental with the Canadian Amateur Tournament, the Western Canada Amateur will also be played over the Jasper Park Lodge course.

Value Of Personal Contact Is Daily Demonstrated At League Of Nations Gatherings

Telephone For Moving Train

Canadian National Railways Introduced Novel Equipment

A chapter unique in railway history and one which for its importance and far reaching effects, has probably never been equalled, was written by the Canadian National Railways, when a special train, operating under the personal direction of Vice-President W. D. Robb in charge of the telegraph and telephone department, demonstrated the feasibility of telephone communication to and from a moving train with the same simplicity of operation as a subscriber would use in making a long distance phone call.

Apart from this achievement, one that railways of the world have vainly searched for some years and which the German State Railways imperfectly obtained by the use of a one way transmission, an additional dramatic touch was given when unexpectedly the voice of Mr. Robb was heard in the two adjoining radio equipped cars plainly talking through the loud speaker. The solution to this seeming mystery was that the station CNRT, the Canadian National Railways broadcasting station, at Toronto, was broadcasting, a special Sunday afternoon program at the time and as Mr. Robb spoke from the moving train through his telephone he was connected with the studio and at once put on the air. Despite the fact that the train was travelling at a speed of about twenty miles an hour, and that his words had to be transmitted to Toronto and returned again to the train, the reception was perfect, and he was heard as clearly as if he had set his feet on the microphone at the studio.

"This is a new feature in the history of radio development," said Mr. Robb, "and a further evidence of the enterprise of the Canadian National Railways in their continued efforts to give every possible convenience and pleasure to patrons making use of the National system. We were the first railway to equip trains with radio receiving sets for the entertainment of our passengers and now we are about to embark on a new enterprise in the way of affording telephone facilities. In the past a traveller, when on the train, was isolated from oral communication with home and office. This handicap to the business man and others we purpose to remove."

During the course of the demonstration the first telegram to be received by telephone on a moving train was read to Mr. Robb. It was from Sir Henry Thornton, chairman and president, and was as follows: "Hearty congratulations upon success of experiment. Will revolutionize communication on moving trains. Please thank all concerned for their splendid effort."

Apart from the scientific and practical value as demonstrated by the test, an unusual testimonial was forwarded to Sir Henry Thornton by the various representatives of the press on board the demonstration train. This read "undersigned representatives of the press of the United States and Canada congratulate you on the successful consummation of a new and miraculous development in the two way telephone communications from a moving train to points within the Dominion."

The scientific achievement will mark a further step, not only in a commercial way but in the development of news from those travelling across the country. Hereafter we may expect interviews enroute with prominent personages instead of waiting-until they arrive at some terminal.

Not A Modern Idea

Custard, it appears, had its place in comedy as far back as the Middle Ages, for it is related that one of the feasts the Lord Mayor of London's fool was bound by his office to perform on Lord Mayor's day was to leap, clothes and all, into a huge bowl of custard, says the Detroit News. This was considered funny and pleased the lower class of spectators, who never seemed to tire of its yearly repetition. Shakespeare refers to this performance in "All's Well That Ends Well."

Florian: "How come, Rastus, dat 'buck means money?"
Rastus: "Easy! Any fool cullud man knows dat Buck goes wit' 'doe!'"

"That man must know all about the stock exchange."
"What makes you think so?"
"He never speculates."

Anyone who has visited Geneva, the home of the League of Nations, has been impressed above all with the friendly spirit which seems to prevail in this world meeting place. No greater indication of the value of personal contact between the representatives of different peoples can be found than in Geneva. There, even that great bugaboo, the color line, seems to be forgotten, and white, brown and black, mingle on terms of apparent social and international equality.

Senator Dandurand has said that if the League did nothing more than gather together the representatives of 54 nations for a friendly and commonsense discussion of their differences it more than justified its existence. More and more each year this is brought home to the visitor and today this lovely old town on the loveliest lake in the world is the friendliest and most cosmopolitan spot in Christendom.

Geneva has lived up to a lot since the early days of the League. There were only council meetings and the annual assembly. But now the League besides trying to settle questions of peace and war has got very busy on other humanitarian issues which in the aggregate help nations to understand one another. Every week delegates and experts from all the countries of the world turn up to debate under League auspices such subjects as calendar reform, the opium and white slave traffic, international trade barriers and the betterment of the position of working classes.

At assembly time, of course, Geneva is filled to bursting point with people of every race and colour. You hear samples of most of the languages on earth, and the points of view of every race and nation. The Great Hall of the League building gets so full of delegates that a few members of the public can barely squeeze in. There is an enormous confusion of delegates, experts, visitors, and "big guns." But somehow things get done. Those efficient fellows on the secretariat sort things out and transmit decisions and enquiries to seats of government all over the planet.

More interesting than the League's official halls are the hotels where the men who matter get together over dinner and lunch tables to grind axes, exchange views, reach understandings. You see the orator, Vi-mani, the very black delegate from Haiti trying his French on the bland yellow representative of China, "Ranji" who is so often at Geneva on India's behalf, trying out a friendly dinner table to get Prince Chironov, the Russian delegate, to come round to his point of view about opium growing in Persia.

Truly, everyone who goes to Europe should visit Geneva. There they will see in being the beginnings of the first practical effort to bring universal peace into the world and they cannot but be impressed with the fact that those who assemble there are going about the job in a whole-hearted and business-like manner.

Alberta Turkeys

According to a booklet issued by the Provincial Government's Department of Agriculture, during the year 1928, some 1,350,000 lbs. of Alberta turkeys were disposed of outside the province, although ten years ago it was necessary to import large supplies from Eastern Canada. Now, there is a large surplus for shipment to Eastern Canada.

Barbara: "I was out with young Driscoll last evening."
Muriel: "Was he shy?"
Barbara: "He is now — fifty bucks!"



"When I died on the stage, the people wept for emotion."
"Yes, because they knew you were not really dead."—Esquella, Barcelona.

C.P.R. Branch Lines

Heavy Programme Of Extension For the Season of 1929

Under its policy of development and expansion, the Canadian Pacific Railway has already this season let contracts for 286 miles of branch lines construction in Western Canada, according to D. C. Coleman, vice-president, western lines. This figure was reached following the announcement of four additional contracts totalling 112 miles, and it is expected that when the contracts for the newly authorized Langtan-Prince Albert branch are let, that the construction programme for the season of 1929 will call for slightly more than 400 miles. Work on these contracts will be commenced immediately.

Contracts announced follow: Nipawin, toward Prince Albert, 25 miles; contractor F. Mannix, of Calgary.

Kootenay-Landing to Proctor, 25 miles; contractor Dutton and Grant, of Winnipeg.

Archive to Wymark branch from Lake Johnson to Wymark, 27 miles; contractors, Riley, Reid and Sandgren, of Edmonton.

Suffield to Blackie, branch from Arrowwood to Blackie, 25 miles; contractor Tomlinson Construction Co., Ltd., of Winnipeg.

Contracts already given this spring and which call for 174 miles of construction follow:

Acme, northeasterly, 25 miles; contractor, F. Mannix, of Calgary.

Willington to Vegreville, 25 miles; Brooks Construction Co., Prince Albert.

Lake Alna, west, 18 miles; contractors, Riley, Reid and Sandgren, of Edmonton.

Lloydminster, northeasterly, 25 miles; contractors, Rosa and Wickstram, of Edmonton.

Coronation, Youngstown, 41 miles; contractor, F. Mannix, of Calgary.

This company will also proceed with the Lacombe northeasterly, a distance of 20 miles. Stewart & Cameron, of Winnipeg, are the contractors.

In making the announcement Mr. Coleman stated that Royal Assent had recently been received to the legislation authorizing the construction of the branch line from Longview to Prince Albert, and that it was proposed to let contracts for this work at the earliest possible moment, and immediately following the acceptance of the plans by the Board of Railway Commissioners, at Ottawa.

This line will be 117 miles in length and will form an important link in the western branch line system. The programme, Mr. Coleman said, indicated that the Canadian Pacific Railway was proceeding actively with its projected branch lines and, further, that it was going ahead with its plans for the opening of the northern country. This was particularly emphasized by the letting of the contract to build a line from Nipawin toward Prince Albert, and by the fact that during the winter the company devoted a great deal of energy to the construction of a combined highway and railroad bridge over the Saskatchewan River at Nipawin. The piers for his bridge are now in place, he stated, and the structure will be completed as soon as possible. The company's keen interest in northern development was further indicated by the announcement that the Langtan-Prince Albert branch would be proceeded with this season. Another important line was that scheduled from Kootenay Landing to Proctor, in British Columbia. This line, when completed, will give an all rail southern route to the Pacific Coast. The line, a connecting link, was made necessary by the growth of traffic and will do away with the necessity of using boats on Kootenay Lake. The construction work itself will be one of the most difficult since early construction days in Western Canada as the line will be built through mountainous country.

It will be necessary to put in two tunnels, one 400 feet and the other 1,000 feet, and one bridge over the Kootenay Lake at Kootenay Landing which with approaches will be 3,600 feet in length.

The branch lines on the prairies will, he stated, prove of immense value to the agricultural communities and will greatly facilitate the movement of grain to markets and manufactured commodities to the farmers and distributing centres.

Negotiations with the Canadian National Railways are proceeding effecting the entrance of the Canadian Pacific Railway to Battleford and North Battleford, and negotiations for an exit for the Canadian Pacific Railway from Prince Albert northwesterly will shortly be undertaken.

Ship Muskuts To England

What is stated to be a record consignment of muskuts in one batch left the Old Country was shipped on April 16th from Lindsay to South-end-on-Sea, England, in the care of the Canadian Pacific Express Company. The rodents are to form the nucleus of another muskrat farm in England, where the industry is thriving under an increasing demand for furs.

Altitude Of Banff

Banff, the headquarters of Banff national park, Alberta, has an altitude of 4,538 feet above sea level and enjoys a climate which is in many respects, ideal. The air is exceedingly pure and has a most exhilarating effect.

Traffic Cop: Don't you know you can turn around in the middle of the block?

Fair Lady: Oh, officer, I think I can make it, just watch.

DIRIGIBLE MOORING MAST



The dirigible mooring mast, that has been erected at St. Hubert aerodrome, Montreal, Quebec, to accommodate the British dirigible R-100 on her first flight to this side of the Atlantic this summer. The 260-foot steel tower is the first of its kind in Canada.



A SMART FLARE

The flaring skirt with dipping sides as in Style No. 466 interpreted in capucine blue silk crepe, gives a very slenderizing effect attached to a hip yoke pointed at front. The blouse has comfortable V-neckline with a vest of lace which also makes the skirt full. Sleeves are fitted with dart below the elbow. Style No. 466 can be had in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Navy blue silk crepe with tiny white polka-dots with vest and jabot frill of plain blue crepe is lovely for all-around wear. Green in smart foliage shade in sheer crepe, is stunning for afternoons, with vest and jabot frill with the edges pleated of self-fabric. It is made with 3½ yards of 40-inch material, with ¾ yard of 36-inch contrasting as sketched. Printed voile, printed cotton foulard, and flowered chiffon are ideal selections. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

We suggest that when you send for this pattern, you enclose 10 cents additional for a copy of our Spring Fashion Magazine. It's just filled with delightful styles, including smart ensembles, and cute designs for the kiddies.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Courteship, says the Montreal Star, means running after a woman till she catches you.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

THREE-IN-ONE RECIPE

- Lemon Gelatine
1 tablespoon granulated gelatine
2 tablespoons cold water.
1½ cups boiling water.
1 cup sugar.
Few grains salt.
½ cup lemon juice.

Soak gelatine in cold water 5 minutes; add boiling water, sugar, salt and lemon juice. Turn into cold molds and chill.

Lemon Sponge

For Lemon Sponge, when jelly begins to stiffen, beat with egg-beater until light and frothy.

Lemon Snow

For Lemon Snow, add to lemon sponge the stiffly-beaten whites of 2 eggs.

CORN SOUP

- 1 medium can corn.
1 cup boiling water.
1 slice onion.
1 teaspoon salt.
Few grains pepper.
2 cups milk.
2 tablespoons flour.
2 tablespoons butter.

Rinse can with boiling water and add to corn and onion. Simmer 20 minutes. Rub through a sieve. Add mixture to 2 cups thin cream sauce (2 cups milk, 2 tablespoons flour, 2 tablespoons butter). Season and serve hot.

Naming Our Highways

Continued progress has been made in the naming and numbering of motor roads in Canada and in the erection of uniform direction and warning signs and danger signals. Inter-provincial conferences have been held for the purpose of standardizing signs, signals and other highway devices throughout the Dominion.

Old Clock Still Going

Among the possessions of Mrs. Emily J. Conaghan, Columbus, Ohio, is an old wall clock which she says has ticked every hour of her life. She said the clock is 80 years old, four years her senior, and has never failed to keep correct time.

Heart Palpitated
Nerves Bothered Her
Sleep Was Broken

Mrs. Fred A. Pugsley, East South-ampton, N.S., writes—"I was bothered very much with my nerves and palpitation of the heart, and my sleep was broken at night. I decided to try



and after I had taken six boxes I found that they had done me so much good. I will gladly recommend them to all those who are troubled with sleeplessness caused by their heart and nerves."

Price 50c. per box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 26

GOD'S LAW IN THE HEART

Golden Text: "Thy word have I laid up in my heart, that I might not sin against Thee."—Psalm 119:11.
Lesson: Jeremiah 31:1-40; John 1:17; Hebrews 8:7-13.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 119:16.

Explanations and Comments

Individual Responsibility For Sin, Jeremiah 31:20.—There was an old saying among the Jews that the fathers have eaten sour grapes, and the children's teeth are on edge. The proverb puts the responsibility for the sins of one generation upon the preceding generation. In Jeremiah's day the people were complaining that they were being punished, not for their own sins but for the sins of an earlier generation. In the future, Jeremiah declared, individual responsibility would be recognized, a man would realize that he was judged for his own sins, not for those of others, and this proverb would no longer be repeated. The fathers had sinned, but the children would be held responsible for their own sins. To express this, Jeremiah amended the proverb to read, "Every man that eateth the sour grapes his teeth shall be set on edge."

Most people like to lay the blame for their misfortune or faults upon anyone or anything rather than upon themselves. It is the fault of circumstances—that they are not more successful in life. It is their unfortunate heredity that has made their character what it is. Some one else to bear the blame is "a long-felt want" of humanity. Jeremiah placed the blame where it usually belongs.

In our soul God is constantly speaking to us—He warns us against evil. He exhorts and encourages us to good. Suppose a boy has done another bad turn. The one who has been wronged has been brooding over his wrongs, when suddenly he learns something about his companion, the knowledge of which by others will do him immense harm. He will have his revenge, he thinks; but while he is comforting himself in this way, a voice is heard, "But most painful, saying to him: 'It is a mean thing that which you have in mind to do, it is a cruel thing; don't do it. Be slow for now, leave him to be thought, keep your own unstained.' That is the voice of God."

Some people seem to get somewhere bent upon their own amusement, when you see some sad accident happen. Your first impulse, after you have been gratified and your curiosity after your pleasure, shut from your mind the thought of the sufferings of others, and just follow the rule of "never think of yourself." But you hear a voice saying: "What are the pleasures you give up compared with the suffering you might help to relieve? Come, make some sacrifice for the good of others, and don't think all your time mispent because it isn't spent upon yourself." That, too, is the voice of God in your soul, urging you on to be unselfish and merciful.—Simone Singer.

Yet still she whispers the small voice within, Heard through God's silence, and o'er glory's din, Whichever creed be taught, or land be trod, Man's conscience is the oracle of God.—Byron.

"Just a Slice Of Ham"
But With New Flavor

"They all said they weren't hungry—but look at the platter!" That's how it goes when you cook your slice of ham in Borden's St. Charles Milk, according to the recipe below. The mustard flavor is cooked in, and there's a suggestion of cloves, too—besides the extra-rich milk which gives every slice a superior savor and nutritive value. Be sure to use St. Charles milk—ordinary milk is too thin.

You'll be surprised how different this dish is from just plain ham.

Baked Ham With St. Charles

- 1 slice ham cut about 1 inch thick, with rim of fat.
1 tablespoon sugar.
1 cup Borden's St. Charles Milk.
1 teaspoon mustard.
1 tablespoon flour.
1 tablespoon dried cloves.
¼ cup water.

Trim off slices of fat and cut in very small pieces. Thoroughly mix flour and mustard and put into ham. Place in rather deep pan. Mix together cloves and sugar and rub through the fat; place over top of ham. Dilute milk with water and pour over ham to cover. Bake in a moderate oven until ham is tender, about one hour. Add more milk as needed to cover ham while baking.

Good Lamb Chop

Southern Alberta flock owners are harvesting one of the best lamb crops in years, it was revealed at the annual meeting of the Southern Alberta Sheep Breeders' Association at Lethbridge, Alta., recently.

A lending authority on steel has stated that the world loses \$2,000,000,000 yearly due to the corrosion of steel.

Many a man learns to shift for himself when he buys his first car.

The Ideal Summer Meal



Save the coupons in the carton. Write for Cook Book and Premium List. Connors Bros. Ltd., Black's Harbor, N. B.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. NATIONAL MANUFACTURING CO., Montreal.

Many Conveniences In
British Post Office

People Accommodated In Many Ways

For Small Charge

The British post office officials are capable and obliging and if anyone should lose himself, he can go to the nearest post office and mail himself home. An express messenger is sometimes given charge of a person and takes him to his destination, where he obtains a receipt. The charges, based upon the distance travelled, are quite moderate. If you merely wish to prove that a letter has been posted, there is no need to register it. The Post Office will supply you with a "certificate of posting" for a halfpenny. If you miss the last collection of letters and have an urgent communication to send, ring up the head post-office of the district, tell them your plight, and dictate the letter. It will be written out and sent off with the night mail. The charge is threepence for the first thirty words, a penny for every ten afterwards, and the ordinary postage and telephone fee.

Five Thousand New Farms

Increase In Alberta Six Per Cent. Of Entire Cultivated Area

Hon. George Hoadley estimates that 550,000 acres of land which was newly broken last season will be under crop this year in Alberta. That is equivalent to more than 5,000 farms of a quarter section each, all entirely under crop. Or to twice that number with half of each under crop. The increase is approximately six per cent. of the entire cultivated area in the province. In sixteen years at that rate of going the crop area would be doubled. And the outlook is that there will be more land broken this year than last. The oil drillers and mining companies are not the only parties who are making a lively drive on the latent resources of the west. The chap who is ripping up the sod is also doing a turn that is worth making note of.

Disinfection is the better part of squallor.

Every sower must one day reap from the seeds that he has sown.

It May Be Urgent



When your Children Cry for It

Castoria is a comfort when Baby is fretful. No mother frets that the little one is at once. If restless, a few drops soon bring contentment. No harm done for Castoria is a baby remedy, meant for babies. Perfectly safe to give the youngest infant; you have the doctors' word for that! It is a vegetable product and you could use it every day. But it's in an emergency that Castoria means most. Some night when constipation makes a baby—or colic pains—or other suffering. Never be without it; some mothers keep an extra bottle, unopened, to make sure there will always be Castoria in the house. It is effective for older children, too; read the book that comes with it.



ECZEMA CAUSED MUCH PAIN

On Fingers. Lasted Ten Years. Cuticura Healed.

"When I was two years old eczema broke out in a rash between my fingers and caused much pain. My fingers were swollen and inflamed. The itching and burning caused me to scratch, which made it worse. I lost sleep on account of it.

"The trouble lasted about ten years before we began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After one week's use it looked better, and after using three cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Ellen Cavanaugh, Enterprise, Ont., June 3, 1928.

Rely on Cuticura Soap and Ointment to keep your skin clear.
Send 25c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Ointment 50c. Sold everywhere. Write for Free Booklet to J. C. Cuticura Co., 127 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Plans for increasing the capacity of the Alberta Wheat Pool elevator No. 1, at Vancouver, by 2,750,000 bushels, giving the plant a storage of 4,750,000 bushels have been completed.

President Paul Von Hindenburg, Germany's soldier-statesman, will retire from public life at the expiration of his present term of office in 1932, and spend the remainder of his days on his country estate in Hanover.

Mrs. Ernst Vierkoetter, wife of the well-known marathon swimmer, will enter the 10-mile event of the Wrigley marathon at the Canadian National Exhibition if she is able to get into condition. She was formerly Germany's woman long distance champion swimmer.

Refusal of the U.S. supreme court to review its recent decision on the commuting of British subjects and naturalized citizens of Canada means that only native born residents of Canada will be permitted to commute to that country for employment.

The H.M.C.S. Patriot, a destroyer presented to Canada by Great Britain following the war, has been sold to a British ship breaking company, and it is understood will be towed to England shortly for scrapping. Her propellers have been removed at a Halifax dry dock.

A request will be made to the Canadian government by the United States for information concerning the seizure of five United States fishing vessels in Canada's Goose Island harbor, British Columbia, for alleged violation of the fishing treaty between the two countries.

The Department of National Defence knows nothing whatever of any new explosive having been invented at Pelawawa artillery camp, nor is the department conducting any experiments in connection with such explosives, was the official declaration issued from the department at Ottawa.



Illness Kept Her From Work

"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I was so sick every month that I had to keep my bed for two days and I suffered so that I felt badly all the time. I had been working in a factory but for a long time was not able to work and I was so run-down and nervous. My friends told me of the Vegetable Compound. I am now sound and well and have gone back to work. I have a good appetite, my color is good and I am in good spirits."—Erlyn Burdick, 132 Alma Street, Moncton, New Brunswick.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Write for Free Booklet to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., 235 State St., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

NEW TAX ON SALE OF SHARES TO BE LEVIED

Ottawa.—The new tax on sale of shares of stocks scheduled to come into effect on July 1 next, again received the endorsement of the House of Commons. By a vote of 96 to 58 the House defeated the amendment moved by Hon. R. B. Bennett, Conservative leader. The amendment would have had the effect of leaving the tax on shares as it is at present. The amendment was moved when the resolution to give effect to the tax changes came up for second reading. This resolution had a rough time when the House was in committee of ways and means but emerged successfully after two votes. The new taxes were attacked along much the same lines. A conspicuous opponent was Malcolm Lang, Liberal member for Temiskaming South, who condemned the proposal in no uncertain language and voted against it when the House divided.

A number of Conservative members voiced their opposition to the new levy but the other groups took little part in the debate.

Following the division, the resolutions received second reading and a bill based on them received its first reading.

During the debate the minister of finance, Hon. J. A. Robb, said there was never a time in recent years when so much speculation had taken place on the exchange throughout the country than had been witnessed during the past year. He submitted there was a general feeling that the nation should profit by this speculation. If men decided to gamble on the market and risk their money, there was no reason why they should not assist the national treasury, Mr. Robb said.

Engine Driver Acquitted

Verne Alexander Found Not Guilty Of Criminal Negligence

Perry Sound.—Verne Alexander is a free man, acquitted by a jury of his peers on charges of manslaughter and criminal negligence. Alexander was the engine driver of the ill-fated Canadian National train No. 3, which crashed head-on into another train after running past its ordered meeting point at Prosser in the early morning hours of March 29 last. Seventeen and possibly 20 lives were lost, and criminal proceedings were launched against the three surviving members of the train crew.

After a trial lasting two days and a half, Alexander was found not guilty by a jury under Mr. Justice Raney. The charges against Fireman Edward Riley, of Winnipeg, and Brakeman Charles Gordes, of Toronto, will not be proceeded with. The chief defence offered was the distraction under which Alexander was laboring—the operation of a "flame" engine—coupled with the failure of the warning signal which is ordinarily given by the conductor as a train approaches a meeting place. Alexander admitted he forgot his orders and flashed past Prosser.

Honorary Degrees

Five Degrees To Be Conferred By University Of Manitoba

Winnipeg.—Five degrees of doctor of laws, honoris causa, will be conferred by the University to the list prepared by university officials.

Those who will receive the honorary degree are: Henry Mark Aml, director of Canadian school of pre-history in France; David M. Duncan, superintendent of schools, Winnipeg; Rev. R. G. MacBeth, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Vancouver; Chester Martin, professor of history, University of Manitoba; Walter C. Murray, president, University of Saskatchewan.

Appointed To Calgary Post

Ottawa.—Lieut.-Col. C. E. Connolly, officer commanding Lord Strathcona's Horse, Royal Canadian Dragoon, is to take over the duties of general staff officer, Military District No. 13, Calgary. It was announced at the department of national defence. He will succeed Captain H. T. Cock, of the R.C.R., who returns to regimental duty at St. John's.

Cruiser At Victoria

Victoria.—H.M.S. Colombo has arrived at Victoria naval base here from Bermuda in command of Captain C. C. Dodson, D.S.O. The cruiser will remain in British Columbia waters until August.

W. N. U. 1786

Urges Outlets For Peace River Country

Railway Would Lengthen MacKenzie River Season Says General McRae

Ottawa, Ont.—Construction of railway outlets for the Peace River country from the MacKenzie River to Vancouver, through Peace Pass, which is claimed would increase the present season on the MacKenzie to the Arctic from two and one-half, to four and one-half months, was advocated in the House by General A. D. McRae, Conservative, Vancouver North.

The railway, as advocated by General McRae, would be joined in its course by the present railway from Peace River Crossing and Edmonton and would meet the MacKenzie River somewhere below Great Slave Lake in the vicinity of Fort Providence. It would give, General McRae estimated, a 40-hour rail service from Edmonton to that point. This would compare with the present "infrequent boat journey of eight days downstream and 12 days return, and that for a limited time each year."

"The railway, by missing all boat delays due to ice in Great Slave Lake in the spring, would make it possible," he declared, "to reach the MacKenzie River six weeks earlier in the spring and two weeks later in the fall, increasing the present season on the MacKenzie to the Arctic from two and one-half to four and one-half months, thus opening up a new Arctic for us."

With such a railway line the MacKenzie River season would be from May 15 to early in October, General McRae stated.

Would Cost Forty Million

Charter Being Asked For Manitoba Line To Hudson Bay

Winnipeg.—Approximate cost of the proposed Emerson-Churchill Colonization Railway, which would act as a feeder to other railways and bring Winnipeg 260 miles nearer Churchill, terminus of the Hudson Bay Railway, is \$40,000,000, Charles F. Gray and Fred C. Hamilton, directors of the company seeking a charter for its construction from the Manitoba government, told members of the law amendments committee at a special session held here.

The committee ordered the bill reported to the legislature with an amendment providing that construction be commenced within three years after completion of the line in even years.

The line would be constructed from Emerson, 60 miles from Winnipeg on the Manitoba-Minnesota boundary.

Ask Higher Duty On Eggs

Poultrymen Have Made Application To Tariff Advisory Board

Ottawa.—For the first time on the records of the tariff advisory board, the western provinces have produced an application for an increase in duty.

There are 40,000 poultry men of the western provinces and many more from Ontario, as well as more than 2,000 merchants from British Columbia and the prairies in sympathy with the application placed before the tariff advisory board recently for 200 per cent. increase of duty on imported eggs.

The increase asked in the applications is from 3 cents to 9 cents on every dozen of eggs brought into Canada in the "extra" class. The item probably affects more individual producers than any other which has ever come to the attention of the commissioners.

Phillips To Retain Post

Ottawa.—Hon. William Phillips, first United States minister to Canada, will continue here during the Hoover administration. Mr. Phillips returned from Washington where he conferred with President Hoover, and Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State. There was no indication, he said, that there would be any change of representation in Canada.

Postal Bill

Ottawa.—The House of Commons gave second reading to the bill which provides for adjustment of salaries of the postal employees who participated in the Winnipeg strike of 1919 and were subsequently re-employed at reduced wages. The bill now stands for third reading.

Celebrated Liberation

Sofia, Bulgaria.—Tens of thousands of Bulgarians from the most remote towns and villages of this little kingdom were on a pilgrimage here May 15, to participate in the fiftieth anniversary of Bulgaria's liberation from secular Turkish rule.

EXPLOSION IN HOSPITAL TAKES A HEAVY TOLL

Cleveland.—Poison gas and two explosion which followed burning of X-ray films in the Cleveland Clinic claimed 124 lives.

There were the known dead, and hospital authorities worked desperately to administer artificial respiration to 43 more who were overcome. Victims from the disaster were dying at short intervals, and physicians sent out appeals for additional oxygen for fear that the supply in the city might prove insufficient.

Nearly all the deaths were attributed to the deadly gas which filtered through the four-story brick building—slowly at first, and then augmented by a second and greater explosion than the first, rushed up from the basement and cut off escape down the stairways and elevators.

It was ironic that the disaster occurred in a very place where the most advanced instruments and laboratories of science had been turned against pain and death. The clinic was owned principally by Dr. Geo. W. Crile, nationally-known physician, who was too occupied with relief work to comment on the catastrophe.

Identity of the powerful gas which wrought one of the worst tragedies in the history of the city had not been determined. It was a mixture of gases coming from many forms of chemicals in the building. In addition, the burning films gave off a gas said to be bromide.

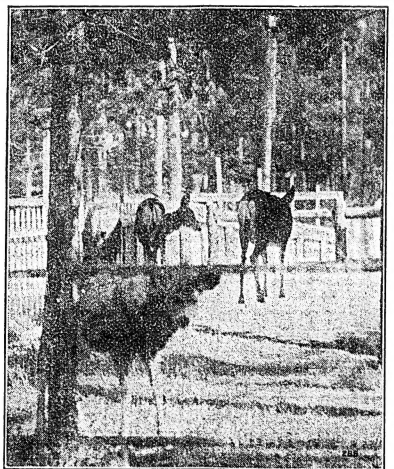
Although doctors and nurses got out a few patients at the start hardly a minute went by before the fumes filtered out from every opening, forcing rescuers back. When the gas began to lift, they rushed into a seep of shrieking horror.

Bodies littered the floor like flies that had been sprayed with poison. Some of them were seared by flames, their clothing still smouldering. Others who had not lost consciousness were crying out in agony, forcing rescuers back. When the disaster was suffering patients who in agony dragged themselves to windows seeking fresh air, and who were too weak to break the glass to get it. They clawed their hair and shrieked, but their voices were drowned out by other noises. For a moment they stood at the windows watching helplessly, then slid down to the floor out of sight to die in horrible fear.

The Cleveland Clinic is a separate building from the Cleveland Hospital. The clinic, a four-story building, houses many laboratories of physicians, and the death toll was from both the staff and patients who come for consultations.

Coal Rates From Alberta

Edmonton.—Coal from Alberta mines will move to Ontario at the special freight rate for the same period in 1930 as this year. A. Chard, freight traffic supervisor for the province, has received notice from the Canadian Railway Board of an order setting January 15 to July 15 as the coal movement season for next year, thus continuing the present arrangement for one year more.



Deer Permit Petting

This photograph is submitted by W. E. Round, of Banff, Alberta, as evidence of what protection does in the way of overcoming timidity. These deer, native to Banff National Park, will use either back door or front when visiting and now have so much misjudged confidence in humanity that they allow themselves to be petted.

PRESIDES AT NEWSPAPER GATHERING



Henri Gagnon, president of the Canadian Daily Newspapers' Association, who presided at the tenth annual meeting of that organization.

All-Canada Telephone Line

Plan Would Link Up East and West On All-Canada System

Edmonton.—Planning an all-Canadian telephone line between east and west, which might be in operation this summer, prominent telephone company officials arrived in the city for a conference with the provincial government. In the party are H. L. Harris, executive vice-president of The Associated Telephone and Telegraph Co., Chicago; W. N. Curtis, vice-president and general sales manager of the Automatic Electric Co., Inc., Chicago, who are accompanied by G. H. Halse, chairman of the British Columbia Telephone Board.

At present Alberta and British Columbia are the only two provinces that have inter-provincial telephone service. Now it is planned to link up all the provinces so calls can be handled on an all-Canadian line without having to utilize services in the United States.

After leaving here the officials will confer with the governments in Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Mr. Halse will go on to Ottawa, while the others will return to Chicago.

Pay Fines On Instalments

Bill Before Senate Would Amend Criminal Code

Ottawa.—A bill sponsored by Senator Beaubien amending the criminal code so as to provide that fines may be paid on the instalment plan, was given third reading in the Senate.

The Senator pointed out that there were 220,000 people convicted and fined last year in Canada. Of these 40,500 paid and the remainder went to jail. He thought it unfair to brand as jail birds many who were unable to pay their fines.

Death Of Pioneer

Winnipeg, Man.—William Elliott Macara, K.C., 70, registrar-general of Manitoba, and pioneer of the province, died at his home here, May 15. He had been ill for several months. Mr. Macara was born in London, Ontario, and he came west in 1882. He had been connected with the land titles office here for more than 42 years. Mrs. Macara survives.

Feed Grain For Poultry

Alberta Wheat Pool To Assist Poultry Raisers Of B.C.

Vancouver.—With the object of supplying British Columbia poultry farmers with feed grain at prices lower than those now charged, the Alberta Wheat Pool is turning its attention to this phase of marketing and is expected to institute a service which will benefit the poultry industry, particularly in the Fraser River Valley.

This makes the gist of an announcement made by G. G. McGeer, K.C., before the Saskatchewan Royal Grain Enquiry Commission. The sitting was devoted to the hearing of witnesses from among British Columbia poultry raisers. Mr. McGeer intimated that he would call witnesses to bear out his announcement regarding the plans of the Wheat Pool. Two farmers who had retired from the prairies to raise poultry in the Fraser Valley, painted a gloomy picture of present conditions in the industry. They agreed that without cheaper feed British Columbia farmers faced ruin.

Will Tour Western Canada

New Head Of Salvation Army To Make Visit Next Fall

Toronto.—General Edward J. Higgins, recently chosen head of the Salvation Army, in succession to General Bramwell Booth, will tour western Canada in the course of his first visit to the Dominion next fall. Accompanied by his wife, he will arrive at Montreal on August 20, and after visiting a number of eastern centres, will proceed west. His western itinerary, however, has not yet been planned.

General Higgins will attend the National Congress of the Salvation Army in Canada, to be held from October 11 to 16, inclusive.

KING GEORGE RETURNS TO WINDSOR CASTLE

Windsor, Eng.—The King came back to his own residence in this ancient home of British sovereigns like a conquering hero.

All Windsor and the surrounding countryside were out to welcome their monarch back after his long illness, which for many weeks had kept him from them.

Windsor was decorated as seldom before. Not a single house or shop on Castle Hill or in the main street of the city was without gay decorations.

The King, accompanied by Queen Mary, had a remarkable reception throughout their 2½ hours' trip from Craigwell House, near Bognor, where the King had spent several months of convalescence. But it remained for the "old home town" to outdo all the others as it welcomed again its most prominent resident.

Thousands of cheering spectators, including two thousand school children and one thousand Eton boys in silk hats and quiet jackets lined the ancient thoroughfare. As the royal car drove through, bags of rose petals were emptied from windows and fell in a crimson cascade about the machine.

It was the first time most of the inhabitants of Windsor had seen the King since the beginning of his illness late last year. All along the line there arose cries of "God bless your majesties!" and "Welcome home!"

The King and Queen were smiling happily as they bowed towards the white sea of fluttering handkerchiefs, and once or twice the Queen brushed moisture from her eyes.

At the bottom of Castle Hill, which rises steeply up towards the ancient grey stone pile, were waiting the mayor in his golden chains of office with his aldermen. The royal car halted and the door near which the King was sitting swung open. His smiling face appeared and he grasped the hand of the mayor as he said:

"Thanks very much. We are pleased to be back in Windsor and I am very glad to see so many citizens here."

The King shook hands with the rest of the delegation and the car then swung up the hill towards home.

It was officially stated at the castle that the King bore the journey well and that His Majesty showed no signs of undue fatigue. Soon after arriving at the castle the King and Queen lunched together.

Announcement has been made recently that Queen Mary would hold court at Buckingham Palace on June 26 and 27.

TO URGE RIGHT OF WOMEN TO SIT IN SENATE

Ottawa.—Proposed amendment of the British North America Act to enable women to sit in the Senate, and the subject of women having equal rights with men in the selection of political candidates, were among the outstanding questions under consideration here by members of the legislative committee of the National Federation of Liberal Women of Canada.

In welcoming the delegates, drawn from all parts of the Dominion, Mrs. Mary Ellen Smith, of Vancouver, B.C., president of the Federation, sounded a note of optimism.

"The citizenship we enjoy demands of the federation be co-ordinated and constant care exercised to help in the best manner possible to prove that we are big enough—whether east or west—to see the other woman's viewpoint." Members should be tolerant enough to compromise and always to feel that their motto should be "charity towards all."

Mrs. Smith urged that the work of the federation be co-ordinated and constant care exercised to help in the best manner possible to prove that we are big enough—whether east or west—to see the other woman's viewpoint. Members should be tolerant enough to compromise and always to feel that their motto should be "charity towards all."

Parliament Will Sit On Wednesday Evenings

To Put Through Balance Of Session's Business Without Delay

Ottawa.—Prorogation of parliament begins to-morrow on the 10th. With a view to expediting the remainder of the work of the session, Premier W. L. Mackenzie King has given formal notice on the order paper of the House of a motion for the Commons to sit on every Wednesday evening, beginning at once.

The usual practice is for a six o'clock adjournment each Wednesday evening, but towards the end of each session Wednesday night sittings are introduced for the purpose of putting through the balance of the session's business with as little delay as possible.

New Branches For Red Cross

Society Added Fifty-Three To Organization Last Year

Ottawa.—A definite advance in the ramifying activities of the Canadian Red Cross Society during 1928 was reported by Dr. J. L. Biggar, national commissioner, of Toronto, at a session of the central council of the society.

At the end of the year under review 433 local branches are functioning. This total included 53 new branches and reorganization of 52 inactive branches.

The commissioner's report indicated that, although ten years had elapsed since the end of the world war, there had been no material diminution of Red Cross service for ex-soldiers.

Amend Metal Marking Act

House Of Commons Passes Bill In New Form

Ottawa.—In amended form, the bill amending the precious metals marking act, 1928, was passed in the banking and commerce committee of the House of Commons. The measure, as it now reads, provides that if an article imported under this act has applied to it any mark, it must, if manufactured in Canada, bear also the name of the manufacturer. If the article is imported and has applied to it any mark, it must also bear the trade mark of the importer, or the name or trade mark of the manufacturer or dealer together with the word "imported."

Purchase Timber Rights

Oshawa Firm Will Supply General Motors With Timber Needs

Oshawa, Ontario.—Gale and Trick, of this city, announced their firm has purchased a block of 75,000 acres of timber rights in northern British Columbia, and has a mill under construction to cost approximately \$150,000.

The limits are about 90 per cent. spruce, and the company will supply the timber needs of the Regina plant of General Motors of Canada. The balance of the production will be shipped to the Oshawa and Walkerville plants.

A Record Mineral Output

High Mark Was Reached In Canada Last Year

Canada last year established a new record in her mineral output, according to figures recently presented by Mr. S. J. Cook, chief of the mining, metallurgical and chemical branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The Bureau's preliminary report states new records were established in each of the following metals: Cadmium, copper, gold, lead, nickel, metals of the platinum group, and zinc. In the non-metal and structural fields, new records are reported in the following: Cement, coal, gypsum, lime, salt, and stone. In point of total output values, new records were also made in natural gas, petroleum, and sand and gravel. Metals, in particular, made magnificent advances, despite the prevailing lower prices for lead and zinc. Total values were helped by the improvements in the prices of silver and copper.

While Canada produces about 70 different mineral products of economic value, 18 of these make up 98 per cent. of the total annual output value. More than 50 other products, each interesting in itself, and many having potential commercial value, are produced in relatively small amounts, so that they are not, presently, of great economic importance. In order of production values the leading products are: Coal, gold, copper, nickel, cement, lead, silver, clay products, asbestos, zinc, stone, natural gas, and sand and gravel, lime, gypsum, petroleum, cobalt, and salt.

Process Has Not Changed

Shotmakers In England Say Method Same As Century Ago

The old Shot Tower which stands on the south bank of the Thames, near Waterloo bridge is a familiar landmark to many in London. The projected removal of Charing Cross station to the site of the tower has aroused conjectures as to its future. The structure looks like an old-fashioned lighthouse, except that during the day a faint volume of smoke can generally be seen issuing from it. It belongs to a firm of lead and shotmakers, who have been in business since 1778. A representative of the owners announces that if the tower has to be removed it will be erected again on another site, as the processes for which it is used are the same today as when the tower was built more than a century ago.

People Should Change Position During Sleep

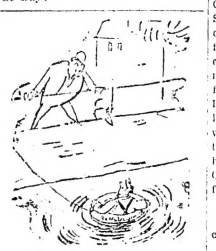
Sleeping Like a Log Takes Away Pop Says Editor

"Do not sleep like a log" if you want to be peppy next day, Dr. Coleman R. Griffith, of the University of Illinois, warned members of the Middle West Society of Physical Education.

Experiments on athletes have shown, Dr. Griffith said, that sound sleeping hindered the body in its work of restoring strength. An athlete exhausted, who sleeps soundly without moving from side to side as does the ordinary sleeper, awakes the next day "half dead on his feet" because the blood circulation has not been active during the sound sleep. Most normal persons, he said, shift their positions while sleeping about every 10 to 15 minutes.

Two children were arguing. John: "It is." Elizabeth: "It isn't." John: "I tell you it is, 'cos Mummy says it is, and if Mummy says it is, it is, even if it isn't."

Have you heard the latest Scotch song—"Let the Rent of the World Go Buy?"



"How foolish to risk your life for your hat."

"But it was my only hat, and if I do not put it on I so easily get cold."—Pierrotte Blaetter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1786

Rule Not Always Reliable

Age Of Sheep Cannot Be Determined By Teeth In All Cases

The teeth of a sheep are accepted as a guide to its age, but the rule is not always reliable. The condition of the teeth depends mainly upon the country on which the sheep have been pasturing. If they have been running upon stony ground and short grass, the teeth will break and wear much earlier than if they have been on soft country carrying long grass. The reason is that upon the short grass country the teeth come in contact with hard, stony gravel, which causes extra wear and tear.

The sheep has 32 teeth, eight in the lower front jaw, and 24 in the back jaws. The back teeth are placed (six both top and bottom) on either side of the upper and lower jaw, which is a rubber-like pad. A newly-born lamb may have from two to four teeth at birth, or they may not appear for a few days. During this period the temporary back teeth make their appearance. The full number of incisor or front teeth (eight) make their appearance during the first three weeks.

These are temporary or milk teeth and remain as such for the first 12 to 15 months. When a lamb reaches 15 months or thereabouts, the two central milk teeth drop out and are replaced by permanent teeth. At three years of age two more permanent teeth make their appearance. At four years of age two more permanent teeth appear.

From this onwards the age cannot correctly be determined by the teeth, although, as a general rule, at five years of age the two central teeth will show signs of separating in the middle. The following year, when the sheep is six years old, the next two permanent teeth will separate, and the two first permanent teeth may be broken. The sheep is then said to be broken-mouthed. The back or molar teeth are used for masticating the food, their surfaces being irregular and suitable for grinding, and usually they remain in the jaws up to any age.

Verify Your Compass

Conscience Is Too Sensitive To Be Absolutely Safe Guide

"It's a funny thing," explained a Naval officer, "but usually you have to do a lot to a compass before you can rely on it. There are so many things on an iron-and-steel ship like this that will give a compass a lot of trouble. The consequence is that you can't always know whether it's telling the truth or not. Most of our compasses have to be tested by experts, and tested often, too, or we'd never dare to put out to sea."

Is there not a suggestion for all of us in this statement? Most people seem to think of conscience as an absolutely safe guide. They forget that they can take a lot of things aboard their lives that will affect their consciences. Too much money, pleasure, ignorance—conscience is very sensitive to such things. The thing to do is to verify it every day by the truth of God's Word.

Good Rule To Follow

Read To Success Must Be Paved With Politeness

Marshal Foch used to tell his staff there's only one way to deal with the English. They had to be polite to them. "If you are polite to them you can get anything reasonable from them; if you are rude to them you will get nothing." If the French Marshal had been in business he would have laid down the rule to be applied to a lot of other people besides the English. Neither efficiency, nor go-getting, nor speed, nor the follow-up, gets a man so far as does common politeness. It beats the rule.

A Place For Men

For every pioneer homestead in Canada someone made a sacrifice. Someone fought at some time or other bad weather, floods, families, fires, sickness and poverty, all rolled together or in single portions, to make the wilderness the pioneers found into a land of plenty. Peace River is certainly no place for lounge lizards, cake eaters, or boy friends with camouflaged hair and scented on their breath. But it seems to be a land of heart's desire for men of the old Canadian stock who never know defeat.

"How do you guard against microbes?"

"First I boil all my water."

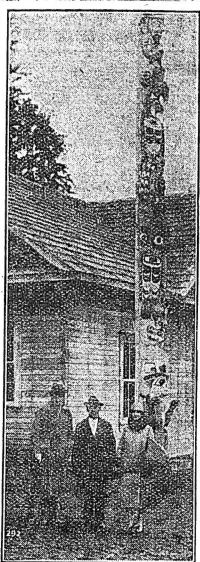
"Yes, and then?"

"I filter it."

"Yes."

"And then I don't drink it."

A Boston doctor has crossed the Atlantic 86 times. It's about time he made up his mind on the question.



Vice Regal Totem

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon are photographed with "Captain Jack" who, on behalf of the Indians of Friendly Cove, presented them with the forty-foot totem pole on the occasion of their tour of the west coast of Vancouver Island on the initial voyage of the Canadian Pacific S.S. Princess Norah.

Method Is Wrong

Destroying Seized Firearms Does Not Do Away With Menace

A few days ago a New York patrol boat cruised out to deep water and tossed overboard the collection of death dealing weapons seized by the police during the past year. The collection included 2,461 revolvers, 351 shot guns and several hundred other deadly instruments. The object of salt water immersion is to prevent their falling again into the hands of criminals. This is all right as far as it goes, but it does not deal effectively with the situation. This can only be done by legal enactments making it much harder for crooks to secure weapons. They have little difficulty in buying all the firearms they want and this applies in Canada as well as in the United States.

Know What She Meant

Mrs. Higgs—"I haven't seen yer husband about lately, Mrs. Jiggins. I 'ope 'e's quite well."

Mrs. Jiggins—"Didn't you 'ear?' 'E tell off a train an' got 'conclusion,' my dear."

Mrs. Higgs—"You mean 'conclusion,' my dear."

Mrs. Jiggins—"I mean 'conclusion,' 'e died."

STUDY WESTERN FARMING METHODS



Under an arrangement between the Colonization Department of the Canadian National Railways, and the German Students' Co-operation Association, these three young Germans are being given one year's farming experience in Western Canada. Three Canadian boys from the West will be given an opportunity to acquire similar experience in Germany under the plan. Heinrich zu Dohna, on the left, and Botho von Berg, on the right, have gone to a farm at Penzance, Saskatchewan, while Heinrich Stuppel, centre, went to a farm at Central Butte, Saskatchewan. All are graduates of agricultural institutions in Germany.—Photograph Canadian National Railways.

Potato Planting

For Earlier Crop and Larger Yield, Use Seed That Has Sprouted

Sprouting potatoes before planting not only ensures an earlier crop but an increased yield of marketable stock. An experiment carried on at the La Ferme, Quebec, experimental station, showed that Irish Cobbler potatoes that had been sprouted in the seed gave a yield of 7,800 pounds of marketable stock per acre, which was about 1,600 pounds more than from the non-sprouted seed. The crop from sprouted seed was ready to use eighteen days earlier than the other. In the case of Green Mountain the advantage of sprouting was even greater, the yield of marketable tubers from the sprouted seed being 13,200 pounds, which was almost 7,000 pounds greater than from the unsprouted seed. There was twenty-one days difference between the crops in respect to readiness for use. These results are shown in the report of the station for the years 1926-27, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, which also shows the result of placing the sets at different distances apart.

In the experiment the highest yield of Irish Cobbler was obtained from the crop that was grown in rows 30 inches apart with the sets 14 inches apart, and amounted to 2962 bushels to the acre. The highest yield of Green Mountain was 3187 bushels to the acre from planting sets 12 inches apart in rows 30 inches apart. Considered from the standpoint of yield and marketability, the superintendent of the station, Mr. Pascal Fortier, concludes that a distance of 30 inches between the rows and 12 inches between the sets appears to be the best.

Giant Airplane For

Western Mining Areas Machine Similar To Bremen Will Carry Over Ton

A Junkers plane similar to the Bremen, which made history on April 13, 1925, by landing on Greenely Island in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, completing the first airplane non-stop crossing of the North Atlantic ocean from east to west, has arrived in Montreal to be assembled by the Canadian Vickers, Ltd.

The big craft is to be delivered to Western Canada Airways, Ltd., which will use it for transportation work in mining areas. It is solely a freight-carrying machine, like the Bremen, though of a later type and slightly larger. The plane has a useful load of 2,088 pounds.

Canadian Eggs Shipped To S. America

A sample shipment of Canadian eggs to Buenos Aires, Argentina, made by the Canadian Federal Department of Agriculture, has, according to cable advice of the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner there, created a very favorable impression among the buyers and the prospects for a good market for eggs from the Dominion in the Argentine are encouraging.

It is so easy to find fault, to be unfair; and people love easy things.

Method For Control

Of Canada Thistle

Studying Of Seeding and Rooting Habits Will Help Farmer In Fight Against Pest

A weed so well established as is Canada thistle, will not be exterminated by any means at present in sight, but a reasonable measure of control is both possible and economically sound, according to Herbert Groh, of the division of botany, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. This control, for its success, demands attention to two things—the seeding habit, and the rooting habit of the plant. While the latter is receiving suitable attention in the fields, the former must be watched beyond their borders.

The seed menace requires that all stragglers in waste places, along roadsides, etc., be destroyed before maturity, by cutting, salting and pasturing, plowing under, or otherwise. Each neighboring farmer must be likewise concerned; a state of things which inspection under provincial weed laws is intended to bring about. Each farmer, moreover, must avail himself of all the protection in the matter of seed purchases, that the Seeds Act of Canada offers. No amount of work performed in the field, will keep them free of Canada thistle, while its exceptional facilities for seed dispersal are being ignored.

Field infestations themselves are ordinarily best dealt with by the method of starvation. By the time a rotation of crops has come around to hay, following grain, thistles will have reached their maximum recovery from previous suppression. If the choice of hay crop, and its stand is such as to make a good smooth crop, this is the first step. Legumes, especially alfalfa and sweet clover, make a heavy cover. They are removed in ample time to forestall seeding of the thistles, and to allow a long period of after-harvest following.

As soon as thistles begin to show after mowing, the ground is plowed, and through the balance of the season, the underground parts are kept deprived of nourishment from the foliage, by use of the broad-shared cultivator. A somewhat deeper plowing late in the fall is a good finish to the season's work; and a cultivated crop the following year gives further opportunity to keep the foe at bay.

It will be seen that only the livestock or mixed farmer can make full use of the method outlined. The crux of the matter is that only to the extent that the straight grain farmer can modify his practice in this direction, can he hope for much success in combatting a weed so well established as Canada thistle in a grain crop. Sprays and other chemical expedients that have been experimented with may yet provide additional defenses for use on small areas; but experience at the Dominion Experimental Farm has not proved them generally economical. All they can do usually, is to deprive the thistles of foliage, and by repeated application thus starve the root-stocks a process more satisfactorily accomplished under field condition, by tillage methods. Other tests to be conducted this season may justify a better work concerning one promising material.

Belonged To Company Too

Jay Thought He Knew Way To Travel Without Ticket

Isaac Jacobsen got on the train in New York to go to Philadelphia but had no ticket. In the car with him were the members of several theatrical companies, and he noticed that, when the conductor asked them for their tickets they would reply: "Company."

"What company?" the conductor would ask; and the actors would reply by announcing the title of the theatrical company under whose name all their transportation had been paid for.

"Give me your ticket," the conductor said when he finally reached Isaac.

"Company," said Isaac, looking carelessly out of the window.

"What company?" asked the conductor.

Then Isaac replied: "De Pittsburgh Clothing Company."

The Loser's Move

A newspaper advertisement ran as follows:

"As the gentleman who found a purse with money in the High Street was recognized, he is requested to forward it to the address of the loser."

A few days afterwards the reply was inserted:

"The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse in the High Street, requests the loser to call at his house."

Garnet Wheat

Test Results

Quality Of Mix Superior To Marquis But Color Of Flour Is Too Yellow

Following a milling and baking test on Garnet Wheat at the Keweston Mill of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, Ltd., J. M. Pearson, chief chemist for the company, states that this large scale experiment has not changed their opinion to any degree in regard to the use of Garnet wheat flour for Canadian milling. In the tests made the quality of the Garnet mix was really superior to the Marquis and the weight per bushel heavier, but in spite of this the yellow color of the Garnet flour put it at a decided disadvantage.

Both flours were bleached under identical the same conditions with the most modern bleaching equipment, and Mr. Pearson states that this color spread is a feature that Canadian mills cannot overcome. British and Continental mills have the native white wheat and Australian wheat to build up the desired color by mixing. The loaf made from the Garnet wheat flour was also degraded in point of volume of loaf and texture.

Other tests with Reward wheat, however, were very satisfactory, giving uniformity in excellent baking quality, and it was consistently from one or two per cent. higher in protein than the Marquis and equal to Marquis in all the best baking points.

Summer Following

The Cost Of Summer Following By Different Methods

The cost of summer following varies according to the method by which it is carried out. At the Swift Current, Saskatchewan, experimental station, tests were made with land divided into three parts in such a manner that equal conditions were provided. Field 1 was ploughed by a three-bottom fourteen-inch gang plough, field 2 by a ten-foot one-way disk; half of field 3 was single disked by a twenty-four foot disk harrow, and the remaining half was double disked by the same implement. All the work was done between the dates of June 7 and 11. The land was badly in need of following as it was very weedy. The cost of the labour and fuel used varied greatly. With a single disk the cost was but 11 cents an acre; double disked 22 cents; ploughing with one-way disk 30 cents; and ploughing with three-bottom gang 56 cents per acre. Neither the single nor the double disked succeeded in killing all the weeds on the land at the time of the initial operation. The results of this work make it appear, according to the report of the superintendent published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, that the gang plough and the one-way disk are equally efficient in destroying the yearly growth of weeds on summer fallow land and in putting the soil in such condition that the duckfoot cultivator can perform subsequent operations successfully. As the one-way disk does its work at almost half the cost of ploughing, it is believed by Mr. Taggart, superintendent of the station, that this implement has a very definite and useful place on land not too heavy for its successful operation.

Port Of New York

A ship enters or leaves the port of New York every 10 minutes in the daylight hours, complications by the U.S. Merchant Fleet Corporation disclose. The area of the port district as legally defined is almost 1,500 square miles, with a population of about 9,000,000. It is located in two states, embraces nearly 200 municipalities and has a waterfront 483 miles long.

The best way to look at life is with a little humor, a lot of pity, a ceaseless curiosity, a love of beauty and a sense of comradeship with all men.



"Just show terror, Miss Laura. Your dances is sliding—terror! horror! anguish! or I will throw your wretched little poodle into the water."—Pierrotte Blaetter, Munich.



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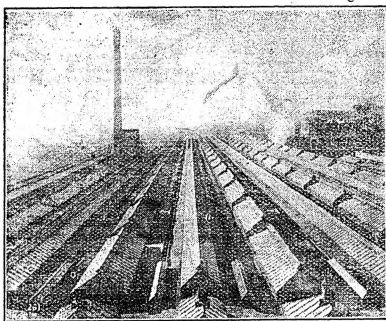
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Over Two Hundred Trains Daily



The glass covered passenger train shed at Windsor Station, Montreal.

The largest in Canada and comparing very favorably with some of the largest in the United States, the Montreal Terminals of the Canadian Pacific Railway have 40 miles of double main track, six of single main track, 15 switching and delivery yards, over 300 private individual sidings and three interchange tracks with other railways, making a total of over 250 miles of track. An average of 125 passenger and 100 freight trains are handled daily, the number varying at different seasons. Nearly 8,000 freight and passenger cars are moved every day. 51 transfer and yard engines are in service 24 hours of the day and frequently additional locomotives are required. Between 3200 and 3500 men are employed constantly.

There are two large passenger yards, Glen Yard at Westmount, and Place Viger, of which the former is the larger and more important since it takes care of all incoming and outgoing trains to and from the Windsor street station. An average of 90 trains enter and leave the Windsor station and an average of 40 Place Viger Station daily which means that 65 outgoing trains at least, have to be switched daily, their cars made ready, inspected, watered, iced and cleaned in preparation for their journey.

Freight traffic is more difficult to handle than passenger. Of the 15 switching and delivery yards, Sortin, Outremont and Hochelaga are the largest. Incoming trains are taken in the receiving yard; outgoing in the classification yard and cars held for orders or repairs in the hold and repair yard.

An important feature of freight traffic is the prompt placing of all loaded cars onto the various private sidings, public team tracks and freight shed tracks throughout the city so that the various consignees can take delivery of their shipments as soon as possible after arrival in the receiving yards. Prompt placing of empty cars for loading is another important feature, as is also prompt movement of cars loaded in the city for shipment elsewhere. During the navigation season an average of 400 cars loaded with package freight for export is always waiting to be unloaded. Further, during the grain movement season, there is always an average of 1,000 cars of grain on hand.

Heavy traffic means constant attention to insure maximum of safety. The main line tracks are laid with 100-lb. rail and rock-ballasted. Nearly 200,000 new ties and 2,800 gross tons of rails were laid in the main line and yard tracks during 1927 without causing a minute's delay to traffic. There are four engine houses on the Terminals, each with stalls for from 24 to 36 engines and on the average 186 trains are dispatched every 24 hours for passenger and freight trains. There are on the terminals 226 buildings, 125 bridges and culverts and many hundreds of drains along the right-of-way.

Standing for March and April

GRADE VI

Keith Wright 86
Lydia Jansen 83
Bill Marcy 80
Mabel Gilbertson 73
Grace O'Malley 72
Lyle Milligan 72
Milton Dressel 70
Lorne Rideout 68.5
Helen Dawson 68
Robert McLean 68
Raymond Vennard 66
Frank Marcy 65
Earnest Gilbertson 61

GRADE VII

Marjorie Tomkins 81.5
Betty Milligan 80
Kenneth Dawson 69
Iua Kennie 67
Fred Vennard 67
Lester Marr 64
Albert Marr 60

GRADE V

Winnifred Murray 90, Ross Sandman 79, Lorna McLean 77.3, Dean Tomkins 76.7, Bruce Young 75.7, Maurice Massey 75.1, Jack Johnston 75, Myrtle O'Malley 69.7, Robert W. Gilbertson 68.3, Jack Loader 59.7.

GRADE IV

Kathleen Proudfoot 88.5, Gabrielle Massey 83.7, Mildred Brownell 81.7, Chester Rideout 79.7, Ruth Hurley 78.6, Florence Marr 73.8, Sara Neufeld 72.3, Aron Voth 68.9, Allen Carter 65.6, Earl Robinson 64.6, Billie MacIntosh 62.4, Norma Marr 62.1, Evelyn Vennard 61.4, Helena Roseman 57.9, Harold Dressel 53.9, Corinnd Strong 51.6, Walter Roseman 41.7.

GRADE III

Edith McLean 92.6, John Janzen 91.6, Jimmy Proudfoot 91.4, Peter Janzen 89, George Dick 85, Teddy DeMaere 84, Donald Anderson 80, Virginia Dressel 79, Gilbert Gilbertson 76, Evelyn Dawson 75, Norman Jacques 74, Lorna Chapman 73, Johnny Kautz 63, Tys Feenstia 60, Robert Marcy 50; Ernest Hosman and Robert Sandmann, absent.

GRADE II

Mary Schmidt 99, Everett Vennard 97, Siegfried Peters 95, John Schmidt 94, Eileen Proudfoot 93, Alice Gilbertson 92, Agnes Martens 92, Joyce Milligan 91, Marcel Massey 88, Jack Lee 87, Audrey Rideout 84, Rudolph Pfeifer 79, Isobel Vanhook 74, Jim Marcy 71, Billie Johnston 63, Jack Sandman 56, Maralee Strong 51; not ranked, Loretta Begon.

GRADE I

Edith Dawson 95, Billie McLean 95, Maxine Huxley 94, Freda Hormann 94, Rodney Brodieu 90, Lester Barton 82, Peter Neufeld 78, Peter Johnston 45, Harold Roseman not ranked.

Master Ray Eldon Cooley Wins Prizes

Mr. E. E. Jacques, Chinook, Alta.
We are attaching a cheque for this party herewith, and sending under separate cover a Photo Album also, and will be pleased to have you turn the cheque and album over to him, sending in to us the negatives in accordance with the terms of the contest. Believe you should make a good ad. out of this, and would strongly urge that you put a little sign in your window that this party won two prizes in the contest, and urge others to make entries. Capitalize on this to get as much interest as possible among the local fans. Paste the enlarge pamphlet right on your window, and this idea should bring you considerable additional film and finishing sales for the month of May.

May 8, 1929

Mr. Ray Eldon Cooley, Box 253, Chinook, Alta.

Dear Sir—We are pleased to advise that you won two prizes in our Sparkstone Contest for last month. Your picture of the little boy with the toy automobile winning a first prize of \$5.00, and the snap of the little one wearing the fur winning the second prize of a snapshot album.

We are sending the two prize winning pictures along with cheque and photo album to Mr. E. E. Jacques, the druggist at Chinook, Alta., and you will note by condition No. 5 on the pamphlet enclosed that each prize winning picture together with the negative and the rights to the use thereof for advertising, publication or exhibition in any manner, becomes the property of Regina Photo Supply Limited.

If you call at Mr. Jacques' store and turn over to him the negatives, he in turn will have the pleasure of handing you our cheque for \$5 and a snapshot album which we are sending him under separate cover today.

We think that these pictures are exceptionally good pictures of kiddies and congratulate you on your skill with the camera. As you know we are running another contest for the month of May, we would strongly urge that you make as large a number of entries as you can, as the more you make the more chance you have of winning a prize.

Yours truly,

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3 Northern86
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No. 571
No. 659
Feed47

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3 C. W.35
Feed31

BARLEY

3 C. W.50
4 C. W.46
Feed44

RYE

2 C. W.66
3 C. W.61

FLAX

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2 C. W.1.78
3 C. W.1.68

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter25
Eggs18

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